

42 C.F.R. § 438.14

Requirements that apply to MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, and PCCM entity contracts involving Indians, Indian health care providers (IHCPs), and Indian managed care entities (IMCEs).

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this section, the following terms have the indicated meanings:

Indian means any individual defined at 25 U.S.C. 1603(13), 1603(28), or 1679(a), or who has been determined eligible as an Indian, under 42 CFR 136.12. This means the individual:

- (i) Is a member of a Federally recognized Indian tribe;
- (ii) Resides in an urban center and meets one or more of the four criteria:
- (A) Is a member of a tribe, band, or other organized group of Indians, including those tribes, bands, or groups terminated since 1940 and those recognized now or in the future by the State in which they reside, or who is a descendant, in the first or second degree, of any such member;
- (B) Is an Eskimo or Aleut or other Alaska Native;
- (C) Is considered by the Secretary of the Interior to be an Indian for any purpose; or
- (D) Is determined to be an Indian under regulations issued by the Secretary;
- (iii) Is considered by the Secretary of the Interior to be an Indian for any purpose; or
- (iv) Is considered by the Secretary of Health and Human Services to be an Indian for purposes of eligibility for Indian health care services, including as a California Indian, Eskimo, Aleut, or other Alaska Native.

Indian health care provider (IHCP) means a health care program operated by the Indian Health Service (IHS) or by an Indian Tribe, Tribal Organization, or Urban Indian Organization (otherwise known as an I/T/U) as those terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C. 1603).

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