

42 C.F.R. § 410.16

Initial preventive physical examination: Conditions for and limitations on coverage.

(a) Definitions. As used in this section, the following definitions apply:

A review of any current opioid prescriptions means, with respect to the individual determined to have a current prescription for opioids, all of the following:

- (i) A review of the potential risk factors to the individual for opioid use disorder;
- (ii) An evaluation of the individual's severity of pain and current treatment plan;
- (iii) The provision of information on non-opioid treatment options; and
- (iv) A referral to a specialist, as appropriate.

Eligible beneficiary means, for the purposes of this section, an individual who receives his or her initial preventive examination not more than 1 year after the effective date of his or her first Medicare Part B coverage period.

End-of-life planning means, for purposes of this section, verbal or written information regarding the following areas:

- (1) An individual's ability to prepare an advance directive in the case where an injury or illness causes the individual to be unable to make health care decisions.
- (2) Whether or not the physician is willing to follow the individual's wishes as expressed in an advance directive.

Initial preventive physical examination means all of the following services furnished to an eligible beneficiary by a physician or other qualified nonphysician practitioner with the goal of health promotion and disease detection:

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