

## 42 C.F.R. § 405.980

## Reopening of initial determinations, redeterminations, reconsiderations, decisions, and reviews.

- (a) *General rules*. (1) A reopening is a remedial action taken to change a binding determination or decision that resulted in either an overpayment or underpayment, even though the binding determination or decision may have been correct at the time it was made based on the evidence of record. That action may be taken by —
- (i) A contractor to revise the initial determination or redetermination;
- (ii) A QIC to revise the reconsideration;
- (iii) An ALJ or attorney adjudicator to revise his or her decision; or
- (iv) The Council to revise the ALJ or attorney adjudicator decision, or its review decision.
- (2) If a contractor issues a denial of a claim because it did not receive requested documentation during medical review and the party subsequently requests a redetermination, the contractor must process the request as a reopening.
- (3) Notwithstanding paragraph (a)(4) of this section, a contractor must process clerical errors (which includes minor errors and omissions) as reopenings, instead of as redeterminations as specified in § 405.940. If the contractor receives a request for reopening and disagrees that the issue is a clerical error, the contractor must dismiss the reopening request and advise the party of any appeal rights, provided the timeframe to request an appeal on the original denial has not expired. For purposes of this section, clerical error includes human or mechanical errors on the part of the party or the contractor such as—

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