

## 45 C.F.R. § 164.502

## Uses and disclosures of protected health information: General rules.

- (a) *Standard.* A covered entity or business associate may not use or disclose protected health information, except as permitted or required by this subpart or by subpart C of part 160 of this subchapter.
- (1) Covered entities: Permitted uses and disclosures. A covered entity is permitted to use or disclose protected health information as follows:
- (i) To the individual;
- (ii) For treatment, payment, or health care operations, as permitted by and in compliance with § 164.506;
- (iii) Incident to a use or disclosure otherwise permitted or required by this subpart, provided that the covered entity has complied with the applicable requirements of §§ 164.502(b), 164.514(d), and 164.530(c) with respect to such otherwise permitted or required use or disclosure;
- (iv) Except for uses and disclosures prohibited under § 164.502(a)(5)(i), pursuant to and in compliance with a valid authorization under § 164.508;
- (v) Pursuant to an agreement under, or as otherwise permitted by, § 164.510; and
- (vi) As permitted by and in compliance with this section, § 164.512, § 164.514(e), (f), or (g).
  - (2) Covered entities: Required disclosures. A covered entity is required to disclose protected health information:
- (i) To an individual, when requested under, and required by § 164.524 or § 164.528; and
- (ii) When required by the Secretary under subpart C of part 160 of this subchapter to investigate or determine the covered entity's compliance with this subchapter.
  - (3) Business associates: Permitted uses and disclosures. A business associate may use or disclose protected health information only as permitted or required by its business associate contract or other arrangement pursuant to  $\S$  164.504(e) or as required by law. The business associate may not use or disclose protected health information in a manner that would violate the requirements of this subpart, if done by the covered entity, except for the purposes specified under  $\S$  164.504(e)(2)(i)(A) or (B) if such uses or disclosures are permitted by its contract or other arrangement.
  - (4) Business associates: Required uses and disclosures. A business associate is required to disclose protected health information:
- (i) When required by the Secretary under subpart C of part 160 of this subchapter to investigate or determine the business associate's compliance with this subchapter.
- (ii) To the covered entity, individual, or individual's designee, as necessary to satisfy a covered entity's

obligations under  $\S$  164.524(c)(2)(ii) and (3)(ii) with respect to an individual's request for an electronic copy of protected health information.

- (5) Prohibited uses and disclosures—(i) Use and disclosure of genetic information for underwriting purposes: Notwithstanding any other provision of this subpart, a health plan, excluding an issuer of a long-term care policy falling within paragraph (1)(viii) of the definition of health plan, shall not use or disclose protected health information that is genetic information for underwriting purposes. For purposes of paragraph (a)(5)(i) of this section, underwriting purposes means, with respect to a health plan:
- (A) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(5)(i)(B) of this section:
- (1) Rules for, or determination of, eligibility (including enrollment and continued eligibility) for, or determination of, benefits under the plan, coverage, or policy (including changes in deductibles or other cost-sharing mechanisms in return for activities such as completing a health risk assessment or participating in a wellness program);
- (2) The computation of premium or contribution amounts under the plan, coverage, or policy (including discounts, rebates, payments in kind, or other premium differential mechanisms in return for activities such as completing a health risk assessment or participating in a wellness program);

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