

## 29 C.F.R. § 1926.1211

## Rescue and emergency services.

- (a) An employer who designates rescue and emergency services, pursuant to § 1926.1204(i), must:
- (1) Evaluate a prospective rescuer's ability to respond to a rescue summons in a timely manner, considering the hazard(s) identified;

Note to paragraph (a)(1).

What will be considered timely will vary according to the specific hazards involved in each entry. For example, § 1926.103 (Respiratory protection) requires that employers provide a standby person or persons capable of immediate action to rescue employee(s) wearing respiratory protection while in work areas defined as IDLH atmospheres.

- (2) Evaluate a prospective rescue service's ability, in terms of proficiency with rescue-related tasks and equipment, to function appropriately while rescuing entrants from the particular permit space or types of permit spaces identified;
- (3) Select a rescue team or service from those evaluated that:
- (i) Has the capability to reach the victim(s) within a time frame that is appropriate for the permit space hazard(s) identified;
- (ii) Is equipped for, and proficient in, performing the needed rescue services;

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