
40 C.F.R. § 52.2286

Control of evaporative losses from the filling of gasoline storage vessels in the Dallas–Fort Worth area.

(a) Definitions:

- (1) *Gasoline* means any petroleum distillate having a Reid vapor pressure of 4 pounds or greater which is produced for use as a motor fuel and is commonly called gasoline.
 - (2) *Storage container* means any stationary vessel of more than 1,000 gallons (3,785 liters) nominal capacity. Stationary vessels include portable vessels placed temporarily at a location; e.g., tanks on skids.
 - (3) *Owner* means the owner of the gasoline storage container(s).
 - (4) *Operator* means the person who is directly responsible for the operation of the gasoline storage container(s), whether the person be a lessee or an agent of the owner.
 - (5) *Delivery vessel* means tank truck and tank trailers used for the delivery of gasoline.
 - (6) *Source* means both storage containers and delivery vessels.
- (b) This section is applicable to the following counties in Texas: Dallas, Tarrant, Denton, Wise, Collin, Parker, Rockwall, Kaufman, Hood, Johnson, and Ellis.
- (c) No person shall transfer or permit the transfer of gasoline from any delivery vessel into any stationary storage container with a nominal capacity greater than 1,000 gallons (3,785 liters) unless such container is equipped with a submerged fill pipe and unless the displaced vapors from the storage container are processed by a system that prevents release to the atmosphere of no less than 90 percent by weight of total hydrocarbon compounds in said vapors.
- (1) The vapor recovery system shall include one or more of the following:

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